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09/920,487; PATENT 6,880,093

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First Named Inventor

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Art Unit

2115

Examiner Name

Vajirachai Komoi

Attorney Docket Number

1290

**ENCLOSURES (check all that apply)**☐ Fee Transmittal Form☐ Fee Attached☐ Amendment / Reply☐ After Final☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)☐ Extension of Time Request☐ Express Abandonment Request☐ Information Disclosure Statement☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)☐ Reply to Missing Parts/  
Incomplete Application☐ Reply to Missing Parts  
under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53☐ Drawing(s)☐ Licensing-related Papers☐ Petition☐ Petition to Convert to a  
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(please identify below):CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION (one  
page);  
Red-lined copy of page of Patent showing  
correction (one page).**Remarks**

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## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO : 6,880,093

DATED : Apr. 12, 2005

INVENTOR(S) : Joseph Bryan Lyles

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent are hereby corrected as shown below:

Column 6, line 48  
replace "consumption of the device is lowered by witching"  
with -- consumption of the device is lowered by switching --

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER: Sprint Communications Company L. P.  
6450 Sprint Parkway  
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PATENT NO. 6,880,093

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In this embodiment, the first processor 620 is a Motorola's MPC8260, which consumes 2.5 watts. The second processor 630 is an Intel Strong Arm processor SA-1110 that consumes less than 240 mW in normal mode. The SA-1110 also has an idle mode and a sleep mode that consumes less power than the normal mode. In another embodiment, a V.32 modem is implemented in the software running on the second processor 620, a Strong Arm processor. This enables both the processing function and the interface function to be implemented at a power cost of less than one half watt. Those skilled in the art will recognize that the Strong Arm processor may be suitable for the first processor 620 and the second processor 630. The low power interface 615 is a modem chip configured to support 32Kb/s for voice communications.

In a power outage, additional telephone lines for multiple phones are unnecessary. Also, digital computer connections to computers are unnecessary because the computer has no power. Only one telephone line is needed during a power outage. By switching to a lower power processor and powering down unneeded telephone lines and computer interfaces, the communication device 600 consumes less than 1.5 watts, which is provided through the network line 612.

FIG. 7 depicts a flowchart of the operation of the communication device 600 with a DSL interface 610 in an example of the invention. FIG. 7 begins in step 700. In step 702, the first processor 620 exchanges first communication signals between the network interface 610 and the POTS interface 650 or the Ethernet interface 656. When the AC power supply 640 and the DC power supply 642 fail, the communication system 600 uses the power from the network link 612, which is 1.5 watts. The power from the network link 612 is reliable backup power available at the central office of the telecommunications provider. The power control circuitry 660 then detects a low power condition in step 704. The power control circuitry 660 then generates a power control signal based on the low power condition.

In step 706, the POTS interface 650 powers down the telephone links 652-654 leaving only one telephone line operational based on the power control signal. In step 708, the Ethernet interface 654 powers down based on the power control signal. In step 710, the first processor 620 powers down the DSL interface 610 and powers up the low power interface 615 such as a modem chip that supports the 32Kb/s voice communication based on the power control signal. 32Kb/s is the minimum threshold for supporting voice communications. By powering down the DSL interface, power is saved by reducing the amount of digital signal processing. In another embodiment, the first processor 620 modifies the DSL interface 610 to change the rate to 32Kb/s without powering up a secondary low power interface 615. The second processor 630 changes power modes from a sleep mode to normal mode based on the power control signal in step 712.

The first processor 620 then transfers control to the second processor 630 based on the power control signal in step 714. Transferring control may include transferring instructions to be executed by the first processor 620 or transferring temporary data stored or cached by the first processor 620. The first processor 620 then changes power modes from a normal mode to a sleep mode based on the power control signal in step 716. The second processor 630 then exchanges second communication signals between the DSL interface 610 and the POTS interface 650 or the Ethernet interface 654. FIG. 7 ends in step 720.

Once the power is resumed from the AC power supply 640 or the DC power supply 642, the power control circuitry

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660 detects a high power condition and generates a high power signal. A high power condition is any condition that indicates power is high in the communication device 600 due to power from a power supply. A high power signal is any signal that the power control circuitry 660 generates based on the high power condition to increase the overall power consumption of the communication system 600. The steps in FIG. 7 are reversed to power up all telephone links, power up the Ethernet interface 656, transfer control from the second processor to the first processor, and increase the transfer rate of the DSL interface 610. In another embodiment, the power control circuitry 660 is included within the operation of the first processor 620 and the second processor 630.

The above-described elements can be comprised of instructions that are stored on storage media. The instructions can be retrieved and executed by a processor. Some examples of instructions are software, program code, and firmware. Some examples of storage media are memory devices, tape, disks, integrated circuits, and servers. The instructions are operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to operate in accord with the invention. Those skilled in the art are familiar with instructions, processor, and storage media.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate variations of the above-described embodiments that fall within the scope of the invention. As a result, the invention is not limited to the specific examples and illustrations discussed above, but only by the following claims and their equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. A device comprising:

- a network interface configured to exchange communications with a communication network;
- a plurality of interfaces configured to exchange communications with a plurality of user devices;
- a power supply configured to draw power from a power source external to the device or from the communication network;

power control circuitry configured to detect a loss of power from the power source external to the device;

a first processor connected to the power control circuitry and configured to switch the power supply from the power source external to the device to the communications network when the loss of power is detected;

the processor also configured to switch to a low power mode by lowering the power consumption of the device when the loss of power is detected where the power consumption of the device is lowered by ~~switching~~ *switching* control of the device from the first processor to a second processor having a lower power consumption than the first processor.

2. The device of claim 1 where the network interface is a digital subscriber line interface.

3. The device of claim 1 where a first one of the plurality of interfaces is an analog telephone interface and where a second one of the plurality of interfaces is a digital computer interface.

4. The device of claim 1 where the power control circuitry is configured to detect a restoration of power from the power source external to the device and the processor is configured to switch from the low power mode to a normal power mode when the restoration of power is detected.

5. The device of claim 1 where the power source external to the device is an AC circuit.

6. The device of claim 1 where the power supplied from the communication network is power supplied by a phone line.